



**Stantec Consulting Services Inc.**  
11687 Lebanon Road, Cincinnati, OH 45241

October 13, 2021  
File: 175531033  
Revision 0

Indiana-Kentucky Electric Corporation  
3932 U.S. Route 23  
P.O. Box 468  
Piketon, Ohio 45661

**RE: Periodic Inflow Design Flood Control System Plan  
West Boiler Slag Pond  
EPA Coal Combustion Residuals (CCR) Rule  
Clifty Creek Station  
Madison, Jefferson County, Indiana**

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## **1.0 PURPOSE**

This letter documents Stantec's certification of the inflow design flood control system plan system plan for the Indiana-Kentucky Electric Corporation (IKEC) Clifty Creek Station's West Boiler Slag Pond. The EPA CCR Rule requires a new certification to be performed on a five-year periodic interval under 40 CFR 257.82(c)(4). The initial certification of the inflow design flood control system plan was placed in the operating record in October 2016.

## **2.0 INITIAL INFLOW DESIGN FLOOD CONTROL SYSTEM PLAN**

The initial inflow design flood control plan is attached. The 1000-year flood event was selected for the design storm based upon a hazard potential classification of "significant." The initial assessment found that West Boiler Slag Pond met the requirements of 40 CFR 257.82(a) and (b).

## **3.0 CURRENT INFLOW DESIGN FLOOD CONTROL SYSTEM PLAN**

Stantec reviewed the result of the initial inflow design plan and changes in site conditions that have occurred in the past five years. The following operational changes and other factors were considered in this periodic assessment:

1. The West Boiler Slag Pond's operational pool is at El. 444.6 feet, below the modeled maximum stop log position of 457.7 feet. This improves the available storage capacity of the impoundment.
2. Cross-sectional geometry of the dam has not changed.
3. The Ohio River water level has remained unchanged.



October 13, 2021  
Page 2 of 2

Re: **Periodic Inflow Design Flood Control System Plan  
West Boiler Slag Pond  
EPA Coal Combustion Residuals (CCR) Rule  
Clifty Creek Station  
Madison, Jefferson County, Indiana**

4. Annual and weekly inspections conducted since 2015 were reviewed as part of this assessment. There were no observations of deficiencies that would negatively affect the result of the inflow design assessment.

Based on our review, there are no conditions that have changed in the past five years that would have a negative effect on the inflow design assessment.

#### 4.0 SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

Based on a review of the initial inflow design plan and the items listed in Section 3.0, the result of this periodic inflow design plan is that the West Boiler Slag Pond at Clifty Creek Station meets the requirements of §257.82(a) and (b) of the EPA CCR Rule.

#### 5.0 QUALIFIED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER CERTIFICATION

I, Jacqueline S. Harmon, being a Professional Engineer in good standing in the State of Indiana, do hereby certify, to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief:

1. that the information contained in this certification is prepared in accordance with the accepted practice of engineering,
2. that the information contained herein is accurate as of the date of my signature below, and
3. that the inflow design flood control system plan for the IKEC Clifty Creek Station's West Boiler Slag Pond meets the requirements specified in 40 CFR 257.82(a), (b), and (c)(1).

SIGNATURE

  
\_\_\_\_\_

DATE 10/13/2021

ADDRESS:

Stantec Consulting Services Inc.  
11687 Lebanon Road  
Cincinnati, Ohio 45241

TELEPHONE: (513) 842-8200

ATTACHMENTS: Clifty Creek Station West Boiler Slag Pond Initial Inflow Design Flood Control System Plan





Stantec Consulting Services Inc.  
11687 Lebanon Road, Cincinnati, OH 45241

October 11, 2016  
File: 175534018  
Revision 0

Indiana-Kentucky Electric Corporation  
3932 U.S. Route 23  
P.O. Box 468  
Pike-ton, Ohio 45661

**RE: Initial Inflow Design Flood Control System Plan  
West Boiler Slag Pond  
EPA Final CCR Rule  
Clifty Creek Station  
Madison, Jefferson County, Indiana**

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## 1.0 PURPOSE

This letter documents Stantec's certification of the initial inflow design flood control system plan for the Clifty Creek Station's West Boiler Slag Pond. Based on this assessment, the West Boiler Slag Pond is in compliance with the initial inflow design flood control requirements in the EPA Final CCR Rule at 40 CFR 257.82(a)(3)(ii).

## 2.0 INITIAL INFLOW DESIGN FLOOD CONTROL SYSTEM PLAN

As described in 40 CFR 257.82(c), documentation is required on how the inflow design flood control system has been designed and constructed to manage the design storm required by the hazard classification. The inflow design storm event was selected from §257.82(a)(3)(ii) as the 1000-year event based upon a hazard potential classification of significant. A rainfall amount for the 1000-year storm event (7.16 inches) was obtained from the "Precipitation Frequency Atlas of the United States, NOAA Atlas 14" using a precipitation event duration of 6 hours.

## 3.0 SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

The attached report presents the reservoir routing analysis of the West Boiler Slag Pond for the Probable Maximum Precipitation (PMP) event (27.6 inches in 6 hours). The resulting water surface elevations are shown in the following table. The results show that the reservoir routing for the PMP event meets the criteria; therefore, the design is also acceptable for the 1000-year event and the requirements set forth in 40 CFR 257.82(a).

| Station      | Facility              | Inflow Design Storm | Modeled Design Storm | Peak PMP Water Surface Elevation (feet) | Minimum Embankment Elevation (feet) |
|--------------|-----------------------|---------------------|----------------------|---|-------------------------------------|
| Clifty Creek | West Boiler Slag Pond | 1000-year storm     | PMP                  | 454                                     | 469                                 |



October 11, 2016  
Page 2 of 2

Re: **Initial Inflow Design Flood Control System Plan  
West Boiler Slag Pond  
EPA Final CCR Rule  
Clifty Creek Station  
Madison, Jefferson County, Indiana**

#### 4.0 QUALIFIED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER CERTIFICATION

I, Stan A. Harris, being a Professional Engineer in good standing in the State of Indiana, do hereby certify, to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief:

1. that the information contained in this certification is prepared in accordance with the accepted practice of engineering;
2. that the information contained herein is accurate as of the date of my signature below; and
3. that, pursuant to 40 CRR 257.82(c)(5), the inflow design flood control system plan for the Clifty Creek Station's West Boiler Slag Pond meets the requirements specified in 40 CFR 257.82(a) and (c)(1).

SIGNATURE

  
\_\_\_\_\_

DATE 10/11/16

ADDRESS: Stantec Consulting Services Inc.  
11687 Lebanon Road  
Cincinnati, Ohio 45241

TELEPHONE: (513) 842-8200

ATTACHMENTS: Clifty Creek Station West Boiler Slag Pond Inflow Design Flood Control System Plan





**Stantec**

**Reservoir Routing Analysis  
West Bottom Ash Pond**

Clifty Creek Power Station  
City of Madison  
Jefferson County, Indiana

February, 2010

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## **1.0 Introduction and Summary**

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The Clifty Creek Power Station West Bottom Ash Pond (WBAP), owned and operated by the Indiana and Kentucky Electric Corp. (IKEC), is located in the City of Madison, Indiana along the northern bank of the Ohio River. The WBAP currently serves as a settling facility for sluiced bottom ash produced at the plant. In addition to the process flows from the plant, approximately 510 acres drain to the facility. The pond is formed by natural grade to the north, east and west and a dam that runs along the bank of the Ohio River.

The WBAP Dam is not currently registered with the Indiana Department of Natural Resources (IDNR), but has been identified as a Significant Hazard Structure by American Electric Power (AEP). As part of an evaluation of the dam, Stantec Consulting Services Inc. (Stantec) has been contracted to perform a reservoir routing analysis to determine the freeboard above the design storm. Stantec developed a hydrologic model of the drainage area to determine the expected runoff and routed the flows through the pond.

The results of the reservoir routing analysis indicate that the WBAP is capable of passing flows generated from the full and 50% Probable Maximum Precipitation (PMP) events without overtopping.

## 2.0 Hydrology

A HEC-HMS (Reference 1) model was developed to estimate the hydrologic response, or runoff from a rainfall event, of the WBAP drainage area. The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) National Engineering Handbook (NEH) Part 630 – Hydrology methodology was selected to determine rainfall-runoff relationships in the model (Reference 2). The watershed contributing to the WBAP was delineated and divided into sub-watersheds. Due to active construction of the Coal Combustion Byproducts landfill located within the WBAP drainage area, the final configuration of the landfill was used in this analysis. This configuration results in the most flow diverted to the facility and a more conservative analysis. The hydrologic properties of the modeled sub-watersheds, including curve numbers, times of concentration and lag times, were determined using the methodology outlined in TR-55 (Reference 3). Hydrologic properties of the watershed are listed in Table 1.

**Table 1. Hydrologic Model Parameters**

| <b>Sub-Watershed No.</b> | <b>Area (miles<sup>2</sup>)</b> | <b>Curve Number</b> | <b>Time of Concentration (minutes)</b> | <b>Lag Time (minutes)</b> |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|--|---------------------------|
| SB4                      | 0.155                           | 76                  | 28.7                                   | 17.2                      |
| SB5                      | 0.290                           | 77                  | 62.7                                   | 37.6                      |
| SB12                     | 0.015                           | 86                  | 25.7                                   | 15.4                      |
| SB13                     | 0.005                           | 86                  | 6.6                                    | 4.0                       |
| SB14                     | 0.013                           | 86                  | 7.4                                    | 4.4                       |
| SB15                     | 0.005                           | 86                  | 12.6                                   | 7.6                       |
| SB23                     | 0.061                           | 86                  | 26.8                                   | 16.1                      |
| SB24                     | 0.043                           | 73                  | 28.4                                   | 17.0                      |
| SB25                     | 0.010                           | 86                  | 6.0                                    | 3.6                       |
| SB26                     | 0.010                           | 86                  | 6.0                                    | 3.6                       |
| Side Hill                | 0.032                           | 73                  | 14.8                                   | 8.9                       |
| Pond                     | 0.158                           | -                   | -                                      | -                         |

As part of the Flue Gas Desulfurization (FGD) project, sluiced bottom ash flows from Clifty Creek Power Station to the West Bottom Ash Pond have increased from 3 MGD to 20 MGD (30.9 cfs). These process flows were added as a baseflow to the model.

A 50% PMP rainfall event was evaluated as the design storm for the WBAP in accordance with IDNR’s *General Guidelines for New Dams and Improvements to Existing Dams in Indiana* (Reference 4) based on a significant hazard classification. Since IDNR has not classified the WBAP, a full PMP rainfall event, corresponding to a high hazard classification, was also evaluated. A 6-hour Soil Conservation Service (SCS) Type B distribution was used based on IDNR’s recommendations (Reference 4). Rainfall data input into the model, including the 6-hour rainfall depth of 27.6 inches, for the PMP storm event was obtained from the National Weather



Service (Reference 5). The resultant watershed runoff hydrograph is presented in Appendix B. A drawing of the watershed layout is provided in Appendix A.

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## 3.0 Reservoir Routing

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Following the development of runoff parameters, the subsequent flows were routed through the reservoir. The WBAP storage, principal spillway and embankment characteristics were input into the HEC-HMS model to perform the reservoir routing analyses.

### 3.1 STAGE-STORAGE INFORMATION

The stage-storage information input into the model was used in the determination of the water level in the reservoir. The stage-storage data was calculated from 2005 topographic mapping provided by AEP (Reference 6). Table 2 lists the cumulative storage volume for a given elevation.

**Table 2. WBAP Stage-Storage**

| <b>Elevation (feet)</b> | <b>Storage (acre-feet)</b> |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| 433                     | 0.0                        |
| 435                     | 161.4                      |
| 437                     | 324.4                      |
| 439                     | 488.9                      |
| 441                     | 654.9                      |
| 443                     | 822.5                      |
| 445                     | 991.6                      |
| 447                     | 1,162.2                    |
| 449                     | 1,334.4                    |
| 451                     | 1,508.1                    |
| 453                     | 1,683.4                    |
| 455                     | 1,860.2                    |
| 457                     | 2,038.6                    |
| 459                     | 2,218.5                    |
| 461                     | 2,399.9                    |
| 463                     | 2,582.9                    |
| 465                     | 2,767.4                    |
| 467                     | 2,953.4                    |
| 469                     | 3,141.0                    |
| 471                     | 3,330.1                    |
| 473                     | 3,520.8                    |
| 475                     | 3,713.0                    |

### 3.2 DAM EMBANKMENT

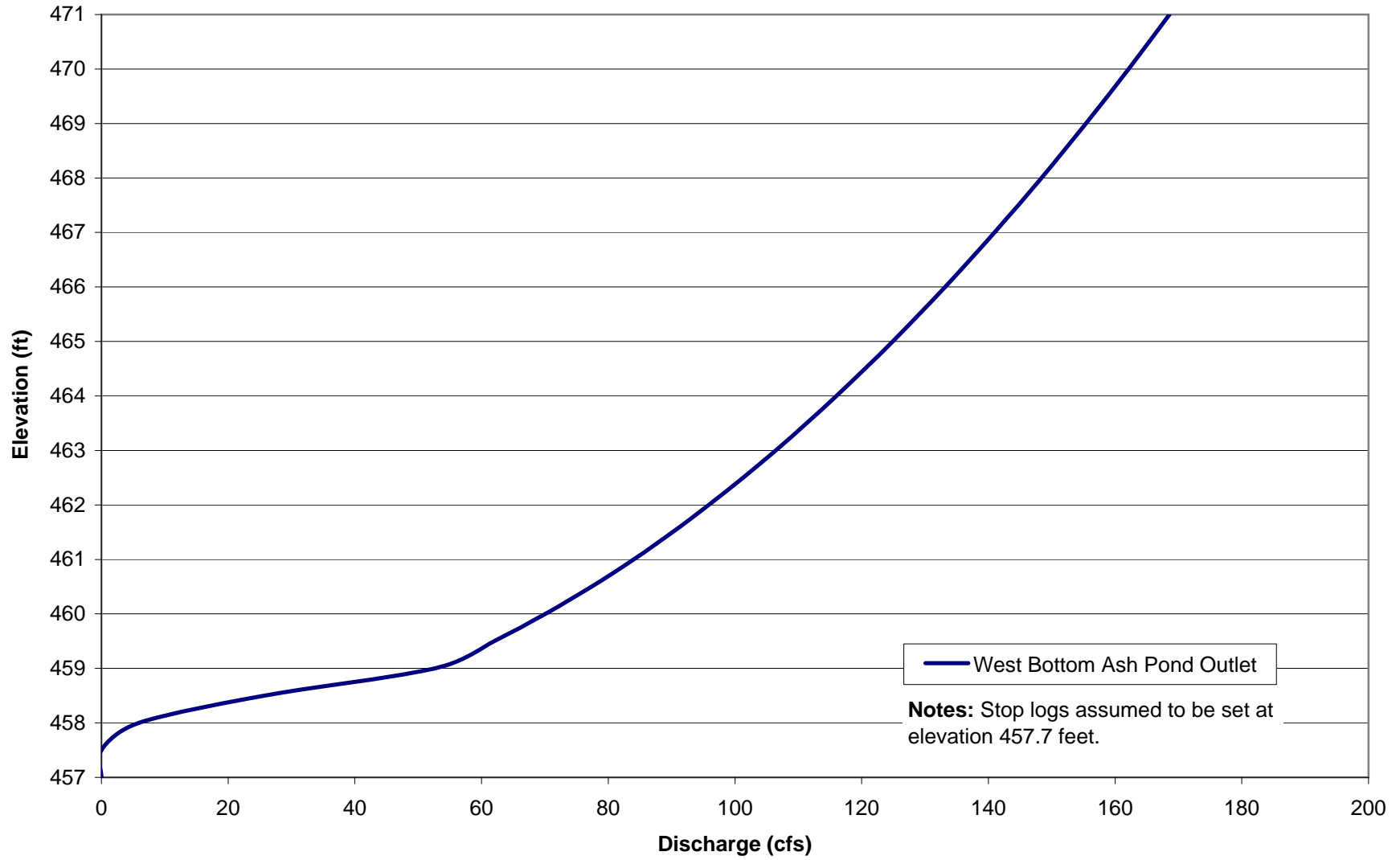
The 2-foot contour interval topographic data (Reference 6) provided by AEP indicates that the crest elevation of the dam varies between 470 and 472 feet. A recent dam assessment report

dated September 14, 2009 prepared by GZA GeoEnvironmental Inc. stated that the low spot on the dam crest is at an elevation of 469 feet (Reference 8).

### **3.3 PRINCIPAL SPILLWAY**

The WBAP spillway is a reinforced concrete box riser structure. One side of the structure has a 3-foot wide opening which acts as a weir and allows for adjustment of the water level using stop logs. The riser structure outlets to the Ohio River at elevation 426.8 feet through a 36-inch diameter, 450-foot long reinforced concrete pipe. The existing elevation of the weir provided by AEP was 442 feet. In order to account for the full range of possible water surface elevations, the principal spillway was modeled assuming the maximum stop log position of 457.7 feet. A rating curve was developed for the principal spillway and input into the HEC-HMS model to replicate the hydraulic behavior of the spillway. The rating curve of the principal spillway used in the reservoir routing models, provided in Figure 1, assumes a normal high water surface elevation of 432.8 on the Ohio River. The WBAP does not have an emergency spillway, therefore none was modeled.

**FIGURE 1**  
**West Bottom Ash Pond Rating Curve**



## **4.0 Results**

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The reservoir routing model indicates that, with the stop logs set to the maximum elevation of 457.7 feet, the WBAP peak PMP and 50% PMP water surface elevations were 468.4 and 462.8 feet respectively. Based on a minimum crest elevation of 469 feet, the results of the reservoir routing analysis indicate that the WBAP dam is currently capable of passing flows generated from the PMP and 50% PMP while maintaining a minimum freeboard of 0.4 and 5.2 feet, respectively. With the rating curve and normal pool elevation adjusted to reflect the current stop log elevation setting of 442 feet, the model estimated the peak PMP and 50% PMP water surface elevations to be 454 and 447.5 feet, respectively. The modeled freeboard of the WBAP ranges from 15 to 0.4 feet for the PMP and 21 to 5.2 feet for the 50% PMP depending on the settings of the stop logs in the outlet structure.

## **5.0 Bibliography and References**

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1. U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Hydrologic Engineering Center, HEC-HMS Hydrology Modeling System, Version 3.1.0 Davis, California, May 2003.
2. Natural Resources Conservation Service, National Engineering Handbook (NEH) Section 4: Hydrology, September 1997.
3. U.S. Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service, Technical Release No. 55, Urban Hydrology for Small Watersheds, January 1975.
4. Indiana Department of Natural Resources, General Guidelines for New Dams and Improvements to Existing Dams in Indiana, 2001.
5. National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, Office of Hydrology, National Weather Service, Hydrometeorological Report No. 51, Maximum Precipitation Estimates, United States East of the 105<sup>th</sup> Meridian, June 1978. Reprinted August 1980.
6. Henderson Aerial Surveys Inc., Clifty Creek East Pond NAVD 27/NAVD88 in South, (2 foot contours), aerial photography exposed on 4/16/2005.
7. Indiana Kentucky Electric Corp, Clifty Creek Plant, Plot Plan. Drawings: Dwg. 16-3002A-3, 16-3002-5, Sheets 2 and 3 of 5, August 19, 1953.
8. GZA GeoEnvironmental, Inc. (GZA), "Dam Assessment Report, Clifty Creek Station, West Bottom Ash Pond," Inspection Date: June 10 -11, 2009, Report Date: September 14, 2009.

**Appendix A**  
**Watershed Layout**



Notes:

1. Aerial photography provided by the USDA's Farm Service Agency (FSA).
2. Topographic data developed from Madison West, USGS, 7 1/2 -minute topographic Quadrangle and supplemented by data provided by I.K.E.C.

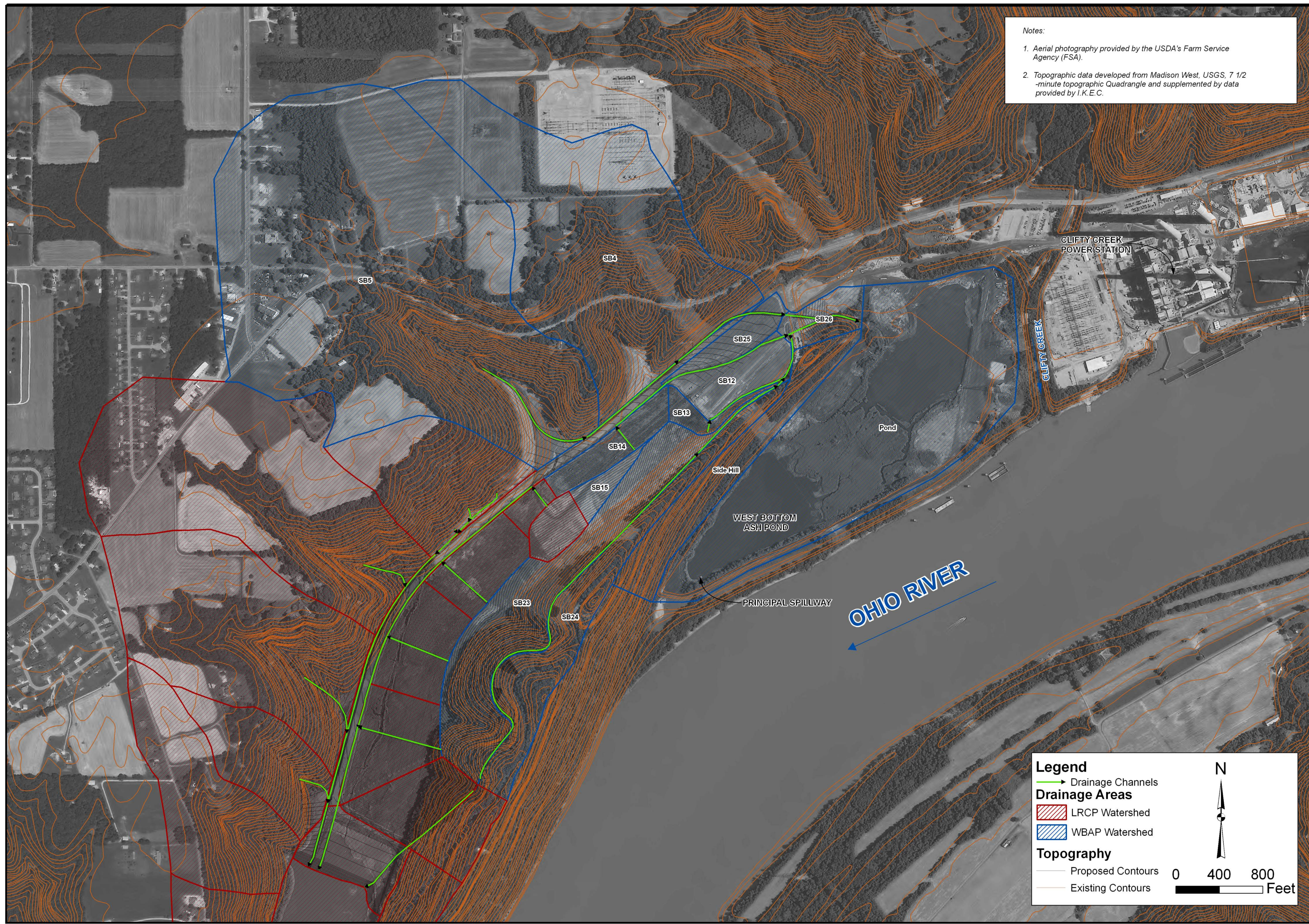
STANTEC CONSULTING SERVICES INC.  
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FINAL CONDITIONS WATERSHED  
 APPENDIX A  
 WEST BOTTOM ASH POND  
 CLIFTY CREEK POWER STATION  
 MADISON, INDIANA

|             |                |
|-------------|----------------|
| PROJECT NO. | 175639021      |
| DATE        | FEBRUARY, 2010 |
| DRAWN BY    | KAS            |
| CHECKED BY  | JRM            |
| CHECKED BY  |                |
| SCALE       | 1" = 400'      |
| REVISED     |                |
| 1           |                |
| 2           |                |
| 3           |                |
| 4           |                |
| 5           |                |
| 6           |                |
| 7           |                |
| 8           |                |

SHEET



**Legend**

- > Drainage Channels
- Drainage Areas**
- ▨ LRCP Watershed
- ▨ WBAP Watershed
- Topography**
- Proposed Contours
- Existing Contours

0 400 800 Feet

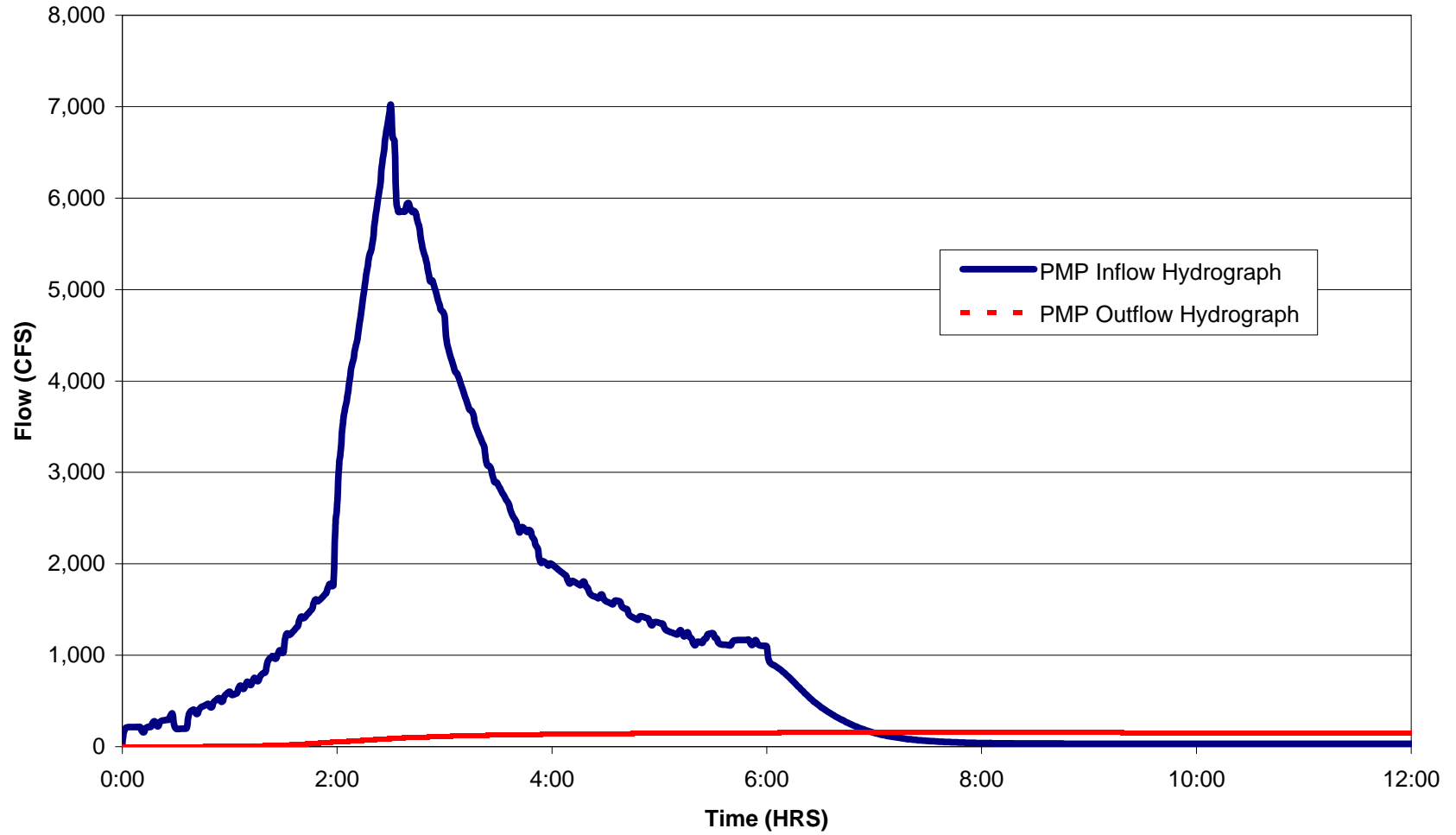
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# **Appendix B**

## **Hydrographs**

**APPENDIX B -  
WBAP PMP Hydrographs**



**APPENDIX B -  
WBAP 50 % PMP Hydrographs**

